## § 773.21 Initial review and finding requirements for improvidently issued permits.

- (a) If we, the regulatory authority, have reason to believe that we improvidently issued a permit to you, the permittee, we must review the circumstances under which the permit was issued. We will make a preliminary finding that your permit was improvidently issued if, under the permit eligibility criteria of the applicable regulations implementing section 510(c) of the Act in effect at the time of permit issuance, your permit should not have been issued because you or your operator owned or controlled a surface coal mining and reclamation operation with an unabated or uncorrected violation.
- (b) We will make a finding under paragraph (a) of this section only if you or your operator—
- (1) Continue to own or control the operation with the unabated or uncorrected violation:
- (2) The violation remains unabated or uncorrected; and
- (3) The violation would cause you to be ineligible under the permit eligibility criteria in our current regulations.
- (c) When we make a preliminary finding under paragraph (a) of this section, we must serve you with a written notice of the preliminary finding, which must be based on evidence sufficient to establish a *prima facie* case that your permit was improvidently issued.
- (d) Within 30 days of receiving a notice under paragraph (c) of this section, you may challenge the preliminary finding by providing us with evidence as to why the permit was not improvidently issued under the criteria in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.
- (e) The provisions of §§ 773.25 through 773.27 of this part apply when a challenge under paragraph (d) of this section concerns a preliminary finding under paragraphs (a) and (b)(1) of this section that you or your operator currently own or control, or owned or controlled, a surface coal mining operation.

[65 FR 79665, Dec. 19, 2000, as amended at 72 FR 68029, Dec. 3, 2007]

## § 773.22 Notice requirements for improvidently issued permits.

- (a) We, the regulatory authority, must serve you, the permittee, with a written notice of proposed suspension or rescission, together with a statement of the reasons for the proposed suspension or rescission, if—
- (1) After considering any evidence submitted under §773.21(d) of this part, we find that a permit was improvidently issued under the criteria in paragraphs (a) and (b) of §773.21 of this part; or
- (2) Your permit was provisionally issued under §773.14(b) of this part and one or more of the conditions in §§773.14(c)(1) through (4) exists.
- (b) If we propose to suspend your permit, we will provide 60 days notice.
- (c) If we propose to rescind your permit, we will provide 120 days notice.
- (d) If you wish to appeal the notice, you must exhaust administrative remedies under the procedures at 43 CFR 4.1370 through 4.1377 (when OSM is the regulatory authority) or under the State regulatory program equivalent (when a State is the regulatory authority).
- (e) After we serve you with a notice of proposed suspension or rescission under this section, we will take action under §773.23 of this part.
- (f) The regulations for service at §843.14 of this chapter, or the State regulatory program equivalent, will govern service under this section.
- (g) The times specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section will apply unless you obtain temporary relief under the procedures at 43 CFR 4.1376 or the State regulatory program equivalent.

[65 FR 79665, Dec. 19, 2000, as amended at 72 FR 68029, Dec. 3, 2007; 75 FR 60275, Sept. 29, 2010]

## § 773.23 Suspension or rescission requirements for improvidently issued permits.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, we, the regulatory authority, must suspend or rescind your permit upon expiration of the time specified in §773.22(b) or (c) of this part unless you submit evidence and we find that—
- (1) The violation has been abated or corrected to the satisfaction of the